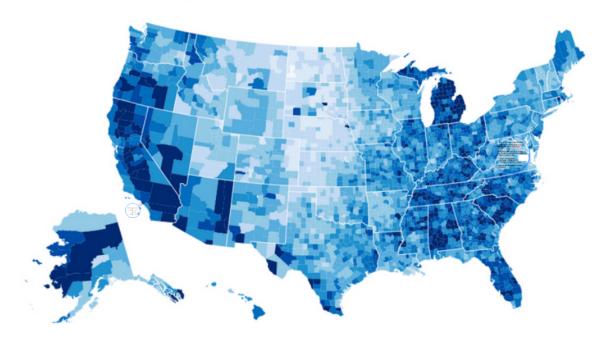
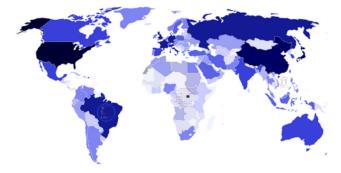
Gross Domestic Product

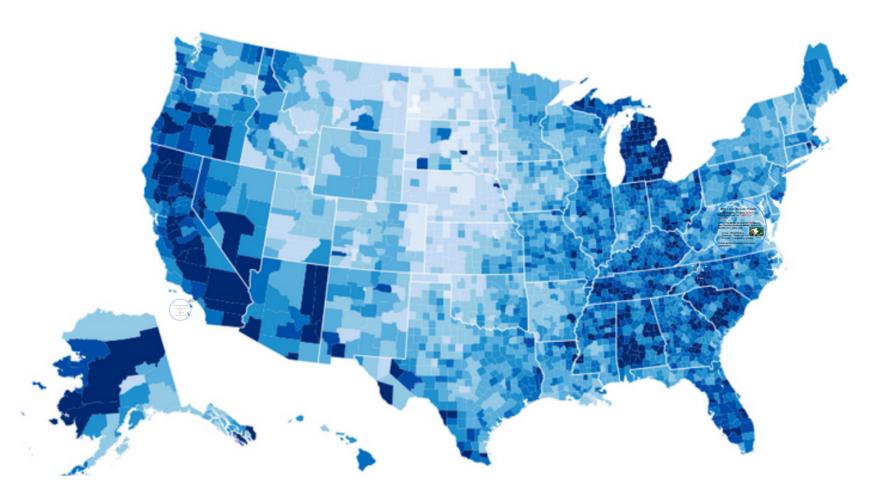


GDP Around the World





Gross Domestic Product





+, -, ? Cloze Read

Time for some controversy...

Quick Write

Should marijuana be included in the U.S. GDP? Why?

Pair - Share and be ready to defend your position.



What is Gross Domestic Product?

Gross Domestic Product, or GDP, is a way to measure the health of an economy.

GDP - The dollar value of all final goods and services produced within country's borders in a given year.

Gross - Whole/Entire
Domestic - Within the U.S.

Product - Any good or service

It was started because of the Great Depression.



Macroeconomic Indicators

What do we use to measure the health of the economy?

- 1. GDP 3-4% per year
- 2. Unemployment Rate 4-6%
- 3. Inflation Rate 3%
- 4. Poverty Rate 10%
- 5. Taxes
- 6. Stock Market +5-8%



What's use to calculate GDP?

Included (4 Categories)

- Consumer Spending (C)
 Durable = 5 yrs. + (Steel, Iron, Aluminum)
- 2. Business Investments (I)
- 3. Government Spending (G)
- 4. Net Export (X-M) (Export-Import)

Excluded

- 1. Non-market activities (Black market 30% of transactions).
- 2. Transfers
- 3. Financial Transactions (Exchanges of paper assets).
- 4. Intermediate good.



So how do we calculate GDP?

GDP = C + I + G + (X-M)

C = Consumer Spending



K-M = Net Exports (Exports - Imports



SO..



C = Consumer Spending





I = Business Investment





G = Government Spending





X-M = Net Exports (Exports - Imports)



SO...



$$GDP = C + I + G + (X - M)$$

Or...

Gross Domestic Product is equal to Consumer Spending + Business Investment + Government Spending + Net Exports (Exports – Imports)











+, -, ? Cloze Read

Time for some controversy...

Quick Write

Should marijuana be included in the U.S. GDP? Why?

Pair - Share and be ready to defend your position.

1. Cars made by a Japanese company in California.

YES

2. Cars made by U.S. firm in S. Korea.

NO

3. A completed new house.

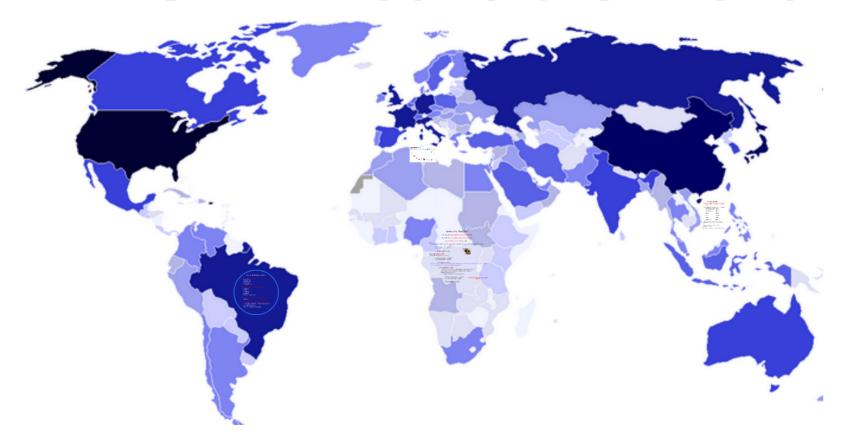
YES

4. The materials used to build the house.

NO



GDP Around the World





World's largest economies

By Andrew Bergmann @dubly estimated

2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 **2014** 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019



GDP in trillions of U.S. dollars.

Data: IMF, World Economic Outlook



Per Capita GDP -

A measure of the total output of a country that takes the GDP and divides it by the number of people in the country.

GDP / Population = Per Capita GDP (in thousands)

United States (12th) \$53,040

United Kingdom \$41,787

Mexico \$10,307

Russia \$14,611

China \$6,807

Afghanistan \$665

If the U.S has a GDP of 3,000,000,000 and a population of 9,000,000 what is their per capita GDP?

What if it's GDP is 5,000,000,000 and population 10,000,000?

http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/NY.GDP.PCAP.CD



Nominal Vs. Real GDP

Nominal GDP is measured using current prices.

Real GDP uses unchanging prices (constant prices).

Nominal GDP vs. Real GDP Example:

Year 1:

· If our economy's entire economic output were pugs and cats and this year the economy produces...

10 Pugs at \$100 each = \$1,000 10 Cats at \$50 each = \$500

The total would = \$1,500

Year 2 with NOMINAL GDP:

If the following year we produced...

10 Pugs at \$200 each = \$2,000 10 Cats at \$100 each = \$1,000

The total would = \$3,000

*The 2nd year's numbers are misleading because the output was the same but the price went up. This is not an accurate measure! So economists use real GDP.

Year 2 with REAL GDP:

 To correct these misleading numbers, economist select a year to work as a "constant" and use those prices to determine GDP growth.

Therefore production looks like this...

10 Pugs at \$100 each = \$1,000

10 Cats at \$50 each = \$500

The total would = \$1,500

THE SAME AS YEAR ONE...NO ECONOMIC GROWTH!





What are the limitations of GDP?

- 1. Non-market activities are not counted.
- babysitting
- mowing lawn
- allowance
- "honey do" list
- 2. Illegal activities are not reported.
- weapons
- drugs
- prostitution
- gambling
- informal transactions
- 3. Negative Externalities do not show up.
- pollution
- 4. Not always a great indicator of quality of life.
- Denmark's GDP is 310.4 billion and their per capita GDP is \$39,558
- per capita GDP is an average

